

## 1. Introduction

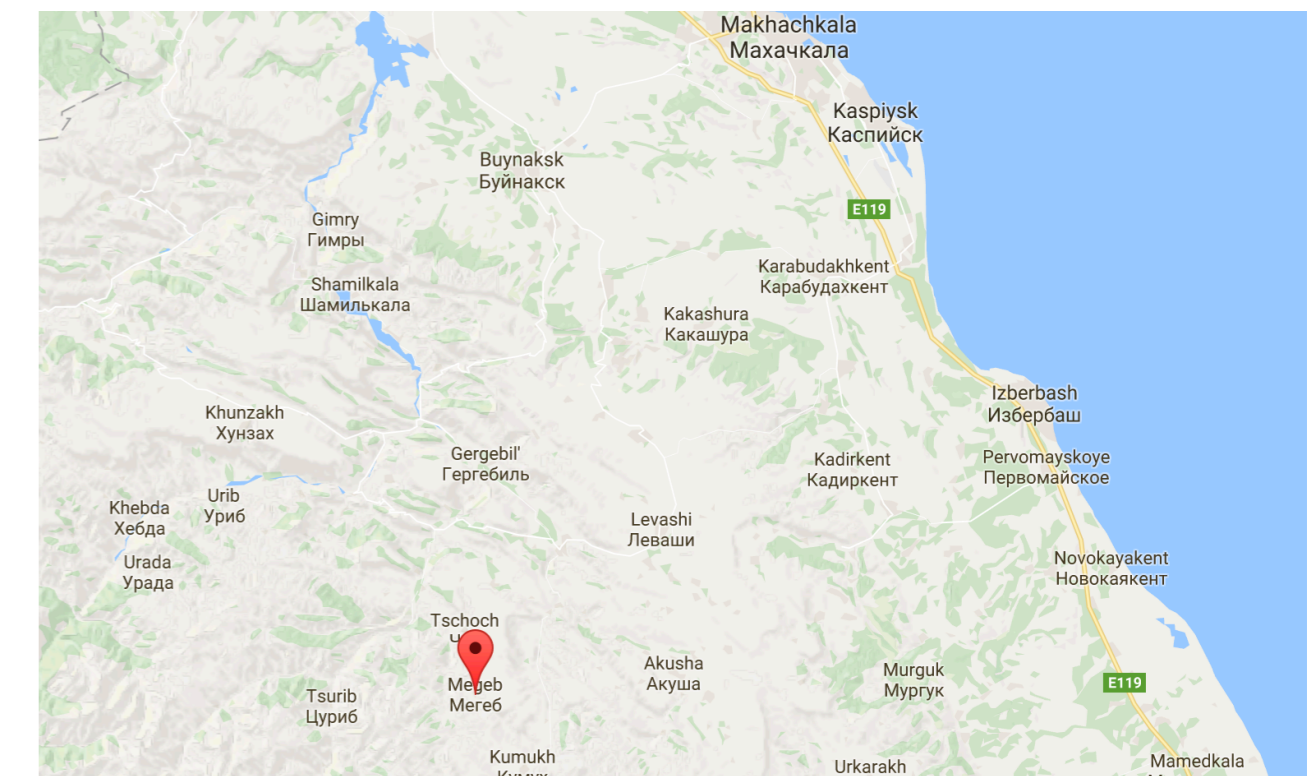
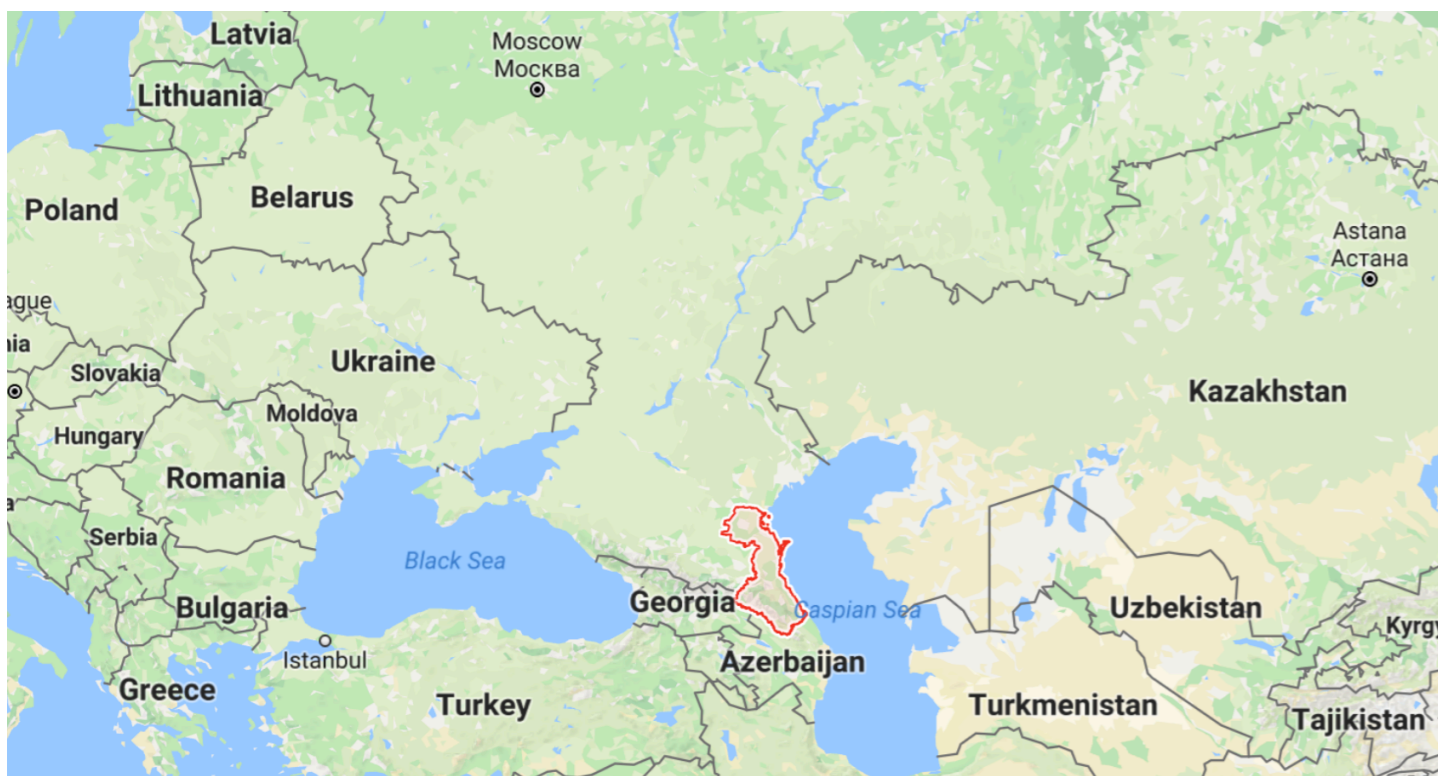
This project aims to provide the description for the way Dargwa Mehweb (East Caucasian language family) meets UD scheme and create a Mehweb tree bank. Dictionaries and texts were obtained during field trips to Megeb in 1990s and 2010s organized by Lomonosov Moscow State University and Higher School of Economics.

## 2. Dargwa Mehweb: Overview

- East Caucasian language family, Dargwa group;
- ~800 native speakers;
- One-village idiom surrounded by Laks and Avars;
- Non-literate, Avar orthography is used;
- Ergative alignment;
- Agglutinative morphology;
- SOV-order.

	Sg	Pl	
M	w	b	HPL
F	d		
F1	d-r		
N	b	d-r	NPL

Table 1. Mehweb class markers



## 3. POS mapping

- Strictly verbal and nominal morphemes;
- Cross-categorical morphemes are considered clitics:

(1) *r=igu-l*  
F1-engaged-ATR

- CCONJ and SCONJ are absent — coordination is employed by non-finite verb forms;
- Adpositions are absent — locatives marked on nouns are used instead:

(2) *ʔaʔli-ni maʒar*  
Ali-ERG rifle  
*baʔhi-če*  
wall.OBL-SUPER(LAT)  
*b-iχ-ib*  
N-put.PFV-AOR  
'Ali put the rifle against the wall.'

POS	Mehweb	POS	Mehweb
ADJ	+	CCONJ	-
ADV	+	DET	+
NOUN	+	NUM	+
VERB	+	PART	+
ADP	-	SCONJ	-
AUX	+	PRON	+
INTJ	+	PROPN	+

Table 2. Overview on the POS in Mehweb

## 4. Feature mapping

East Caucasian specific feature:

- Rich system of locative cases. Each locative is bimorphemic and consists of localization and orientation:

Localizations: Super ('On'), In ('In'), Inter('Inside'), Apud ('Near');  
Orientations: Lat ('Move towards'), Ess ('Staying in place'), El ('Move away from'), Trans ('Moving through').

Feature	Relevant Values
Animacy	Hum, Nhum
Aspect	Imp, Perf
Case	Abs, Erg, Com, Dat, Gen, Voc
Foreign	Yes
Gender	Fem, Masc, Neut
Mood	Ind, Imp, Cnd, Pot, Jus, Opt, Prp
NumType	Ord, Card
Number	Sing, Plur, Ptan
Person	1,2
Polarity	Pos, Neg
Reflexive	Yes
Tense	Fut, Past, Pres
VerbForm	Fin, Inf, Part, Conv, Vnoun
Voice	Cau
PronType	Dem, Rcp, Int, Neg, Ind

Table 3. Feature mapping in Mehweb

## 5. Syntactic dependencies

East Caucasian specific features:

- Syntactic ergativity;
- Experiential verbs;
- Clausal coordination is absent — non-finite subordinates are used instead.

**PROPN** <sup>nsubj</sup> **VERB**  
*ʔaʔli w-ak'-ib*  
'Ali came.'

**NOUN** <sup>nsubj</sup> **NOUN** <sup>obl</sup> **NOUN** <sup>obj</sup> **VERB**  
*adaj-ni maʒinka-li-če muc'ur berčur*  
'The father cut his beard with a hair cutter.'

**NOUN** <sup>obl:expprc</sup> **VERB** <sup>ccomp</sup> **NOUN** <sup>nsubj</sup> **VERB** <sup>aux</sup> **AUX**  
*ʔali-ze balhan abaj iz-uwe ler-deš*  
'Ali knows that mother is sick.'

UD	Mehweb	UD	Mehweb
nsubj	+	acl	+
obj	+	advcl	+
iobj	+	advmod	+
csbj	not attested	aux	+
ccomp	+	cop	+
xcomp	+	mark	-
obl	+	nmod	+
vocative	+	det	+
expl	-	clf	-

Table 4. Dependency relations as attested in Mehweb

## 6. Unclear cases

- Biabsolute construction — both core argument of the clause marked with absolutive;

**NOUN** <sup>nsubj</sup> **NOUN** <sup>obj</sup> **VERB** <sup>aux</sup> **AUX**  
*ʔali kung luč-uwe le(=w/=b)*

**NOUN** <sup>nsubj</sup> **NOUN** <sup>nsubj</sup> **VERB** <sup>advcl</sup> **AUX**  
*ʔali kung luč-uwe le(=w/=b)*

'Ali is reading a book.'

- *wa* conjunction meaning 'and' which was used in older texts but is absent in the recent ones:

For cases with *wa* SCONJ POS label and *conj* dependency relation label are used, although conjoining clauses and nouns with *wa* is considered unnatural for Mehweb.

- Grammaticalization of the converb *ile* meaning 'having said':  
There are two ways of treating *ile*. The first one is treating it as an optional citation particle, i.e. PART. The second one is considering *ile* a separate *advcl* since it is a converb. Cited phrase that precedes *ile* then is considered its *ccomp*.

## References

Joakim Nivre, Marie-Catherine de Marneffe, Filip Ginter, Yoav Goldberg, Jan Hajič, Christopher D Manning, Ryan McDonald, Slav Petrov, Sampo Pyysalo, Natalia Silveira, et al. 2016. *Universal dependencies v1: A multilingual treebank collection*. In Proceedings of the 10th International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation (LREC 2016).

Nina Dobrushina, Michael Daniel, Dmitry Ganenkov, George Moroz, Daria Barynikova, Marina Kustova, Alexandra Kozhukhar, Yuri Lander, Maria Sheyanova and Ilia Chechuro. 2017. *Mehweb. Selected essays on phonology, morphology and syntax*. Berlin: Language Science Press.

Alexander Magometov. 1982. *Megebskij dialekt darginskogo jazyka (Issledovanie i teksty) [The Mehweb Dialect of Darwga Language]*. Tbilisi: Mecniereba.